

INDEX

- Academia, 6
- Academic institutions
 - changing model, 1–3, 5
 - characteristics of, 3–5
 - demographic change, 5
 - digital intellectual, 3–4
 - future of, 5–8
 - leadership, 8–10
 - market forces, 5
 - post-Cold War world, 5
 - social contract, 4
 - theage of knowledge, 5
 - universities, 4
- Academic leaders, 8–10
 - academic institutions, 128–129
 - characteristics of, 10–11
 - effectiveness, 12–13
 - higher educational institutions, 122–123
 - Lean Six Sigma (LSS), 121–122
 - motivation, 12–13
 - project ideas, 123–124
 - staff resources, 126–127
 - structuring of project teams, 125–126
 - style of project delivery, 123–124
 - success communication, 127–128
 - sustainability, 128–129
 - techniques, 124–125
 - traditional leaders, 12
- Big Data, 20
- Capability maturity model, 85
- Cochrane collaboration, 26
- Commercialisation, 6
- Commercial Quality, 18–19
- Continuous improvement (CI), 76–77, 100–101
- Design of experiments (DoE), 26, 28, 124
 - academic leadership, 34–35
 - analysing phase, 38–40
 - case studies, 30–31
 - conducting phase, 35–38
 - continuous improvement, 34–35
 - design phase, 32–35
 - lean six sigma, 34–35
 - maturity model, 34–35
 - planning phase, 31–32
 - structuring, 28
 - Taguchi techniques, 39–40
- Total Quality Management (TQM), 34–35
 - traditional literature review analysis, 38–39
 - validation exercise, 37–38
- Digital intellectual output, 3–4
- DMAIC projects, 104, 124
- Facebook, 5–6
- Ford Motor Company, 15–16
- Global education, 3
- Goal driven approach, 12–13
- Google, 5–6
- Gordon State College, USA, 71
- Higher educational institution (HEI), 3, 121–123
- Honeywell, 18

- Individual performance, 24
- Industry income, 46
- International outlook, 46
- ivy league, 2
- Knowledge, 3–4
 - economy, 9–10
- Leadership, 8–10
- Leadership maturity models, 77–79
 - case studies, 99, 101, 105, 108, 110
 - factors and characteristics, 106
 - linking levels, 106
 - model creating, 105–108
 - model testing, 108–112
 - stages, 98–99
- Lean manufacturing, 16
- Lean Six Sigma (LSS), 6–8
 - academic institutions, 128–129
 - academic leaders, 121–122
 - birth of, 19
 - Ford, 15–16
 - future, 20
 - higher educational institutions, 122–123
 - launch of, 17–19
 - lean manufacturing, 16
 - maturity models, 82–84
 - Model T chassis, 16
 - project ideas, 123–124
 - Six Sigma organisation, 17
 - staff resources, 126–127
 - structuring of project teams, 125–126
 - style of project delivery, 123–124
 - success communication, 127–128
 - sustainability, 128–129
 - techniques, 124–125
 - Toyota Production System, 15
- Learning management systems (LMS), 5–6
- Low maturity, 76
- MAIC, 18–19
- Main Effects plot, 39–40
- Master Black Belts, 46, 67
- Mastering deployment, 98–99
- Maturity models, 37–38, 40
 - capability maturity model, 85
 - continuous improvement (CI), 76–77
 - economic growth model, 75
 - high maturity, 76
 - leadership maturity models, 77–79
- Lean Six Sigma maturity models, 82–84
 - levels of, 83
 - linearity of, 94
 - low maturity, 76
 - multi-dimension process improvement maturity model, 81
 - process improvement maturity models, 80–82
 - review of, 86–93
 - scenarios of, 94
 - target audience of maturity, 94
 - testing, 95
 - type of, 85
 - use of, 75–77
- Miami University, USA, 71
- Model T, 16
- Motivation, 12–13
- Motorola, 18
 - roadmap for, 18
- Multi-dimension process improvement maturity model, 81
- National University of Singapore, 71
- Operational excellence
 - methodologies, UK higher education sector
 - criteria, 45–46
 - initial questionnaire research, 49
 - Lean Six Sigma, 71–72

- Master Black Belts, 46, 67
- quantitative research, 47–48
- research, 51–54
- rest of the world perspective *vs.*, 51–54
- surveys, 47–48, 54, 68
- Organisation mission, 24
- OSaR model, 102
- Parents knowledge, 5–6
- Plan Do Check Act model, 103
- Planning phase, 30
- Post-Cold War world, 5
- Process improvement maturity models, 80–82
- Process Improvement Unit (PIU), 104
- Qualitative research, 99
- Quantitative research, 47–48
- Red brick, 2
- Repetition, 27
- Resource Grab, 12–13
- Second World War, 18
- Six Sigma
 - launch of, 17–19
 - organisation, 17
- Social contract, 4
- Spinouts, 5–6
- Stimulate debate, 101
- Systematic literature review
 - Cochrane Collaboration, 26
 - design of experiments (DoE). *See* Design of experiments (DoE).
 - Taguchi, Genichi, 29–30
- Taguchi Orthogonal Arrays, 27–28
- Target audience of maturity, 94
- Theage of knowledge, 5
- Toyota Motor Company, 16, 24–25
- Traditional leaders, 12
- Traditional management language, 9–10
- Traditional shop practices, 15–16
- Twinning programmes, 3
- Unit productivity, 24
- University of Central Florida, USA, 71–72
- University of North Carolina, USA, 71
- Valdosta State University, Georgia, 71
- Walter Shewhart, 17–18
- World class universities, 8–9